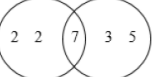

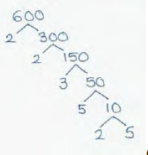


1			3	M1 for continual prime factorisation (at least two correct steps anywhere) or at least two stages of a factor tree, or table, correct.  eg if first stage wrong, $800 \times 80$ then $800 = 80 \times 10$ and $80 = 40 \times 2$ would count as 2 correct steps.
				M1 dep M1 for a fully correct factor tree or a list (2,2,2,2,5,11) condone inclusion of 1's on branch ends. <b>or</b> $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 5 \times 11$
		$2^4 \times 5 \times 11$		A1 dep M2 for $2^4 \times 5 \times 11$ (with working seen)
<b>Total 3 marks</b>				

2	(a)		$2 \times 3^{37}$	1	B1
	(b)	$2 \times 3^{43} \times 2^4 \times 3^{37}$ <b>or</b> $2^5 \times 3^p$ ( $p \neq 80$ ) <b>or</b> $2^q \times 3^{80}$ ( $q \neq 5$ )		2	M1
			$2^5 \times 3^{80}$		A1
					<b>Total 3 marks</b>

3	(b)			2	M1 A factor tree / division ladder of 3 or more factors ( $\neq 1$ ), multiplying to 800, which must include 2 and 5. Condone 1 error when product $\neq 800$
			$2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 5 \times 5$		A1 dep on M1 oe eg $2^5 \times 5^2$

4		28, 56, 84, 112... <b>and</b> 105, 210, 315, 420... <b>or</b> 2, 2, 7 <b>and</b> 3, 5, 7 <b>or</b>  <b>or</b> $\frac{28 \times 105}{7}$ <b>or</b> 2, 2, 3, 5, 7 oe		2	M1 for any correct valid method e.g.  for starting to list at least <b>four</b> multiples of each number  <b>or</b> 2, 2, 7 <b>and</b> 3, 5, 7 seen (may be in a factor tree and ignore 1)  <b>or</b> a fully correct Venn diagram
			420		A1 cao
Total 2 marks					

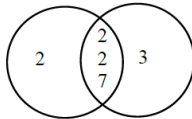
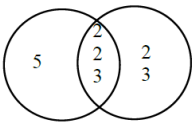
5	<p>eg <math>2 \times 2 \times 150</math> <b>or</b> <math>3 \times 5 \times 40</math> <b>or</b> <math>2 \times 3 \times 100</math> <b>or</b> <math>5^2 \times 24</math> <b>or</b></p> <div><p>eg</p></div> <p><b>or</b></p> <table border="1"><tr><td>2</td><td>600</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>300</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>150</td></tr></table>	2	600	2	300		150		3	M1 for at least 2 correct stages in prime factorisation which give 2 prime factors – may be in a factor tree or a table or listed eg 2, 2, 150 (see LHS for examples of the amount of work needed for the award of this mark, allow no more than one mistake fit (eg one mistake with 2 prime factors fit: $600 = 200 \times 30 = 2 \times 100 \times 5 \times 6$ ))								
2	600																	
2	300																	
	150																	
	<p>eg <math>2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5 \times 5</math></p> <div></div> <p><b>oe</b></p> <table border="1"><tr><td>2</td><td>600</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>300</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>150</td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td>75</td></tr><tr><td>5</td><td>25</td></tr><tr><td>5</td><td>5</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>[1]</td></tr></table> <p><b>oe</b></p>	2	600	2	300	2	150	3	75	5	25	5	5		[1]			M1 for 2, 2, 2, 3, 5, 5 (ignore 1s) (may be a fully correct factor tree or ladder)
2	600																	
2	300																	
2	150																	
3	75																	
5	25																	
5	5																	
	[1]																	
	<i>Working required and note that the answer must be given as a product of powers of prime factors</i>	$2^3 \times 3 \times 5^2$	A1 dep on M2 can be any order (allow $2^3 \cdot 3 \cdot 5^2$ )															
Total 3 marks																		

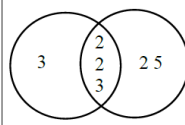
6	a		$2^6 \times 3 \times 11^4$	2	B2 oe, accept 2 811 072
	b		$2^9 \times 3^5 \times 11^8$	2	B1 for $2^a \times 3^b \times 11^c$ oe where two of $a$ , $b$ and $c$ are correct B2 cao B1 for $2^a \times 3^b \times 11^c$ oe where two of $a$ , $b$ and $c$ are correct <b>or</b> $2.666... \times 10^{13}$ <b>or</b> an equivalent expression for e.g. $2^2 \times 2^7 \times 3^5 \times 11^3 \times 11^5$
Total 4 marks					

7			$2^4 \times 3^2 \times 5^4 \times 11 \times 13$	2	B2 (B1 for 12 870 000 or correct unsimplified product or $2^m \times 3^n \times 5^p \times 11 \times 13$ with at least 1 of $m$ , $n$ or $p$ correct or for $2^4 \times 3^2 \times 5^4$ )
Total 2 marks					

8	(a)		$3^2 \times 5 \times 7$	1	B1 accept $3 \times 3 \times 5 \times 7$ oe or 315
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9	<p>eg <math>2 \times 2 \times 300</math>  <math>2 \times 5 \times 120</math>  <math>2 \times 3 \times 200</math>  <math>3 \times 5 \times 80</math> or  eg</p> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <math display="block">\begin{array}{c} 1200 \\ \swarrow \searrow \\ 2 \quad 600 \\ \quad \swarrow \searrow \\ \quad 3 \quad 200 \end{array}</math> </div> <div style="margin: 0 10px;">or</div> <table border="1" style="border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td>2</td><td>1200</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>600</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>200</td></tr> </table> </div>	2	1200	3	600		200		3	M1	for at least 2 correct stages in prime factorisation which give 2 prime factors – may be in a factor tree or a table or listed eg 2, 2, 300 (allow no more than one mistake ft (eg <i>one mistake</i> with 2 prime factors ft $1200 = 20 \times 600 = 2 \times 10 \times 3 \times 200$ ))										
2	1200																				
3	600																				
	200																				
	<p>2, 2, 2, 2, 3, 5, 5  or</p> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <math display="block">\begin{array}{c} 1200 \\ \swarrow \searrow \\ 2 \quad 600 \\ \quad \swarrow \searrow \\ \quad 3 \quad 200 \\ \quad \quad \swarrow \searrow \\ \quad \quad 2 \quad 100 \\ \quad \quad \quad \swarrow \searrow \\ \quad \quad \quad 10 \quad 10 \\ \quad \quad \quad \quad \swarrow \searrow \\ \quad \quad \quad \quad 2 \quad 5 \quad 2 \quad 5 \end{array}</math> </div> <div style="margin: 0 10px;">or</div> <table border="1" style="border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td>2</td><td>1200</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>600</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>200</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>100</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>20</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>10</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>2</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>(1)</td></tr> </table> </div>	2	1200	3	600	2	200	5	100	2	20	5	10	2	2		(1)			M1	for finding the correct prime factors condone inclusion of 1 (may be seen in a fully correct factor tree or ladder)
2	1200																				
3	600																				
2	200																				
5	100																				
2	20																				
5	10																				
2	2																				
	(1)																				
		$2^4 \times 3 \times 5^2$		A1	(dep on M2 as working requested) Can be in any order (allow $2^4 \cdot 3 \cdot 5^2$ ) but must be in index form as asked for.																
<b>Total 3 marks</b>																					

10	(a)	1, 2, 4, 7, 8, 14, 28, 56 <b>and</b> 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 12, 14, 21, 28, 42, 84 <b>or</b> 2 2 2 7 <b>and</b> 2 2 3 7 <b>or</b>  <table><tr><td>e.g.</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>28</td><td>56</td><td>84</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>2</td><td>3</td></tr></table>	e.g.			28	56	84		2	3		2	M1 for any correct valid method and no errors e.g.  for starting to list at least <b>four</b> different factors of each number and no errors <b>or</b> 2 2 2 7 <b>and</b> 2 2 3 7 seen (may be in a factor tree or a ladder diagram and ignore 1) <b>or</b> a fully correct Venn diagram <b>or</b> other clear method, e.g. table						
e.g.																				
28	56	84																		
	2	3																		
			28		A1 dep M1 accept $2^2 \times 7$ oe															
	(b)	60, 120, 180, 240... <b>and</b> 72, 144, 216, 288... <b>or</b> 2 2 3 5 <b>and</b> 2 2 2 3 3 <b>or</b>  <table><tr><td>2</td><td>60</td><td>72</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>30</td><td>36</td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td>15</td><td>18</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>5</td><td>6</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>3</td></tr></table> <b>or</b> $\frac{60 \times 72}{12}$ <b>or</b> 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 5 oe	2	60	72	2	30	36	3	15	18	2	5	6			3		2	M1 for any correct valid method and no errors e.g.  for starting to list at least <b>four</b> multiples of each number <b>or</b> 2 2 3 5 <b>and</b> 2 2 2 3 3 seen (may be in a factor tree or a ladder diagram and ignore 1) <b>or</b> a fully correct Venn diagram <b>or</b> other clear method, e.g. table
2	60	72																		
2	30	36																		
3	15	18																		
2	5	6																		
		3																		
			360		A1 dep M1 accept $2^3 \times 3^2 \times 5$ oe															
<b>Total 4 marks</b>																				

11	(a)	36, 72, 108, ... <b>and</b> 120, 240, 360, ... <b>or</b> 2, 2, 3, 3 <b>and</b> 2, 2, 2, 3, 5 <b>or</b>  <table><tr><td>2</td><td>36</td><td>120</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>18</td><td>60</td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td>9</td><td>30</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>3</td><td>10</td></tr></table> <b>or</b> $\frac{36 \times 120}{12}$ <b>or</b> 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 5 oe	2	36	120	2	18	60	3	9	30		3	10		2	M1 for any correct valid method e.g. for starting to list at least <b>three</b> multiples of each number  2, 2, 3, 3 <b>and</b> 2, 2, 2, 3, 5 seen (may be in a factor tree or a ladder diagram and ignore 1) (Allow $2 \times 2$ as 4)  <b>or</b> a fully correct “Venn” diagram
2	36	120															
2	18	60															
3	9	30															
	3	10															
	(b)		360 $5^2 \times 7^4 \times 11$	2	A1 or $2^3 \times 3^2 \times 5$ oe (allow $2^3 \cdot 3^2 \cdot 5$ )  B2 for $5^2 \times 7^4 \times 11$ (in any order) (B1 for 660 275 or correct unsimplified product or $5^a \times 7^b \times 11^c$ where 2 of $a, b$ and $c$ are correct)												
<b>Total 4 marks</b>																	

12	2×2×7 or 2×3×7 or 3 <sup>2</sup> ×7 oe condone 1's in factor tree  or showing at least 5 correct multiples across at least 2 lists (excluding 28, 42, 63) (28) 56, 84, 112, 140, 168, 196, 224, 252 (42) 84, 126, 168, 210, 252 (63) 126, 189, 252					3	M1 accept prime factors seen in factor tree <b>or</b> correct position in Venn diagram for at least one of the numbers given.
	2×2×7 <b>and</b> 2×3×7 <b>and</b> 3×3×7 or showing at least 9 correct multiples across all 3 lists (excluding 28, 42, 63)						M1 accept prime factors seen in factor tree <b>or</b> correct position in Venn diagram for all 3 of the numbers given.
					252		A1 or 2 <sup>2</sup> × 3 <sup>2</sup> × 7 oe Dep on M1
12 alt	7	28	42	63		3	M1 For one correct row in table eg division by 7 gives 4, 6, 9
	2	4	6	9			
	3	2	3	9			
		2	1	3			
	oe						
	or						
	7	28	42	63			
	2	4	6	9			
	3	2	3	9			
	2	2	1	3			
3	1	1	3				
(1)	1	1	1				
					252		A1 or 2 <sup>2</sup> × 3 <sup>2</sup> × 7 oe Dep on M1
							<b>Total 3 marks</b>

13	(a)	$2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 5 \times 5$ or 2, 2, 2, 5, 5 or $2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5 \times 7$ or 2, 2, 3, 5, 7 or eg <table border="1"> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>200</td> <td>420</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>100</td> <td>210</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>50</td> <td>105</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>10</td> <td>21</td> </tr> </table>	2	200	420	2	100	210	5	50	105		10	21		2	M1 for one number written as a product of prime factors or prime factors listed – numbers may be at end of factor trees or on ‘ladder diagrams’ or in a table or in a Venn diagram <b>or</b> at least two factors for each (excluding 1, 200, 420)
	2	200	420														
2	100	210															
5	50	105															
	10	21															
		Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)	20		A1 or $2^2 \times 5$ oe												
	(b)			2	M1 for $2^m \times 3^n \times 5^p \times 7^q \times 11^r$ with at least three of $m = 3, n = 2, p = 2, q = 2, r = 1$ (all 5 terms should be seen) <b>or</b> omission of one term with others fully correct <b>OR</b> prime factors seen in a Venn diagram – if so must be fully correct												
		Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)	$2^3 \times 3^2 \times 5^2 \times 7^2 \times 11$		A1 allow 970 200 oe												
Total 4 marks																	

<p><b>14</b></p>	<p>e.g.  <math>2 \times 5 \times 225</math> or  <math>5 \times 5 \times 90</math> or <math>5^2 \times 90</math>  <math>3 \times 5 \times 150</math> or  <math>3 \times 3 \times 250</math> or <math>3^2 \times 250</math></p>	<p>e.g.</p> <table border="1"> <tr><td>2</td><td>2250</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>1125</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>225</td></tr> </table>	2	2250	5	1125		225	<p>e.g.</p> <pre>       2250      /  \     2    1125        /  \       5    225          /  \         5   45            /  \           3   15              /  \             3   5     </pre>	<p>3</p> <p>M1 for 2 correct stages in prime factorisation with 0 incorrect stages  or at least 3 stages in prime factorisation with no more than 1 incorrect stage.  Each stage gives 2 factors – may be in a factor tree or a table or listed eg 2, 2, 225 (see LHS for examples of the amount of work needed for the award of this mark).  Example of 3 stages with 1 incorrect stage:  <math>2250 = 225 \times 100 = 3 \times 5 \times 15 \times 100</math>  or <math>225 = 3 \times 5 \times 15</math></p>								
2	2250																	
5	1125																	
	225																	
	<p>e.g. <math>2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5</math></p>	<p>e.g.</p> <table border="1"> <tr><td>2</td><td>2250</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>1125</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>225</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>75</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>15</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>5</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>(1)</td></tr> </table>	2	2250	5	1125	3	225	5	75	3	15	5	5		(1)	<p>e.g.</p> <pre>       2250      /  \     2    1125        /  \       5    225          /  \         3    75            /  \           5   15              /  \             3   5     </pre>	<p>M1 for 2, 3, 3, 5, 5, 5 or  <math>2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5</math> or  <math>2, 3^2, 5^3</math> oe or  <math>2 + 3^2 + 5^3</math></p> <p>(ignore 1s)</p> <p>(may be a fully correct factor tree or ladder)</p>
2	2250																	
5	1125																	
3	225																	
5	75																	
3	15																	
5	5																	
	(1)																	
	<p>Working required</p>		<p><math>2 \times 3^2 \times 5^3</math></p>	<p>A1 dep on M2  can be any order (allow <math>2 \cdot 3^2 \cdot 5^3</math>)</p>														

15	9, 18, 27, 36 <b>and</b> 12, 24, 36 <b>or</b> 36 <b>or</b> a multiple of 36 <b>or</b> (9 × 12 =) 108 <b>or</b> 3 <sup>2</sup> × 4 (= 36) (from Venn diagram or table)		4	M1 for at least two multiples of 9 and 12 <b>or</b> 36 <b>or</b> a multiple of 36																					
	“4” × 7.6(0) or “3” × 4.8(0) <b>or</b> “30.4” or “14.4” <b>or</b> “4n” × 7.6(0) or “3n” × 4.8(0)			M1 for a correct method to find the cost of 4 or 8 or 12 etc of packets of pens <b>or</b> 3 or 6 or 9 etc packets of pencils																					
	“4” × 7.6(0) + “3” × 4.8(0) <b>or</b> “30.4” + “14.4” <b>or</b> “4n” × 7.6(0) + “3n” × 4.8(0)			M1 for a correct combination of number of packets of pens × 7.6(0) + number of packets of pencils × 4.8(0) with an intention to add eg <table><tr><td>pens</td><td>pencils</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>4 × 7.60 +</td><td>3 × 4.8 =</td><td>44.8(0)</td></tr><tr><td>8 × 7.60 +</td><td>6 × 4.8 =</td><td>89.6(0)</td></tr><tr><td>12 × 7.60 +</td><td>9 × 4.8 =</td><td>134.4(0)</td></tr><tr><td>16 × 7.60 +</td><td>12 × 4.8 =</td><td>179.2(0)</td></tr><tr><td>36 × 7.60 +</td><td>27 × 4.8 =</td><td>403.2(0)</td></tr><tr><td>48 × 7.60 +</td><td>36 × 4.8 =</td><td>537.6(0)</td></tr></table>	pens	pencils		4 × 7.60 +	3 × 4.8 =	44.8(0)	8 × 7.60 +	6 × 4.8 =	89.6(0)	12 × 7.60 +	9 × 4.8 =	134.4(0)	16 × 7.60 +	12 × 4.8 =	179.2(0)	36 × 7.60 +	27 × 4.8 =	403.2(0)	48 × 7.60 +	36 × 4.8 =	537.6(0)
pens	pencils																								
4 × 7.60 +	3 × 4.8 =	44.8(0)																							
8 × 7.60 +	6 × 4.8 =	89.6(0)																							
12 × 7.60 +	9 × 4.8 =	134.4(0)																							
16 × 7.60 +	12 × 4.8 =	179.2(0)																							
36 × 7.60 +	27 × 4.8 =	403.2(0)																							
48 × 7.60 +	36 × 4.8 =	537.6(0)																							
	<i>Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)</i>	44.8(0)		A1 allow 45 if 44.8(0) seen allow 4480 p or pence if £ sign crossed out M3A0 for 44.8n where n is an integer (eg 134.4(0))																					
				<b>Total 4 marks</b>																					

16	(a)	eg $2 \times 2 \times 75$ <b>or</b> $3 \times 5 \times 20$ <b>or</b> $2 \times 3 \times 50$ <b>or</b> $5^2 \times 12$ <b>or</b> <table border="1"><tr><td>2</td><td>300</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>150</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>75</td></tr></table>	2	300	2	150		75		2	M1 for 2 correct stages in prime factorisation with 0 incorrect stages or at least 3 stages in prime factorisation with no more than 1 incorrect stage. Each stage gives 2 factors – may be in a factor tree or a table or listed eg 2, 2, 75 (see LHS for examples of the amount of work needed for the award of this mark). Example of 3 stages with 1 incorrect stage: $300 = 100 \times 30 = 2 \times 50 \times 5 \times 6$
	2	300									
	2	150									
	75										
	<i>Working required</i>		$2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5 \times 5$	A1	dep on M1, oe eg $2^2 \times 3 \times 5^2$						
	(b)	(5A $\Rightarrow$ ) $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5 \times 5$ oe (= 1800) <b>or</b> (5A $\Rightarrow$ ) $2^3 \times 3^2 \times 5^2$ (= 1800) <b>or</b> (7B $\Rightarrow$ ) $2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5 \times 7$ oe (= 3780) <b>or</b> (7B $\Rightarrow$ ) $2^2 \times 3^3 \times 5 \times 7$ (= 3780)		2	M1 for method to find 5A or 7B as prime factors (may be seen in factor tree, table or Venn diagram) or as an integer  <b>or</b> for listing at least 3 multiples of each number eg 1800, 3600, 5400... and 3780, 7560, 11 340...  <b>or</b> for an answer of 1080 oe eg $2^3 \times 3^3 \times 5$						
	<i>Working required</i>		37 800	A1	dep on M1, oe eg $2^3 \times 3^3 \times 5^2 \times 7$						
Total 4 marks											